

# Virginia Free Press

## AND FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

VOL. XXIV.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1891.

NO. 41.

WIT:  
The Clerk's Office of the Court of Law and Chancery, the first Monday

PLAINTIFF:  
Sen. James Stubbs, Philip Grove, Hiram Near, William Hay-Henkle.

DEFENDANTS:  
ANGERY:  
Philip Grove and

not having entered, and given security of assembly and the and it appearing by that they are not in country. It is ordered, and it do appear here the next term, and answer plaintiff; and that a be forthwith inserted published in Charles

JUDICIAL  
Ointment.  
is taken to make this sup- it may be had at the

is offered to and certain remedy for diseases, some of which the skill of medicinal

public.  
communication, addressed of Judkins Ointment, from

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### POSTICAL.

#### THE MAIDEN'S PRAYER.

She rose from her delicious sleep,  
And put away her soft brown hair,  
And in a tone as low and deep  
As love's first whisper, breathed a prayer—  
Her snow-white hands together prest,  
Her blue eyes shivered in the light,  
The faint blush on her cheeks  
Dove-swimming with the charm it had.

Escaped a bare and snowy foot,  
Whose weep upon the earth did press  
Like a new snow flake, white and mute—  
And there, from slumber soft and warm,  
Like a young spirit fresh from heaven,  
She bowed that slight and matelless form,  
And humbly prayed to be forgiven.

Oh God, if souls unsoiled as these  
Need daily mercy from thy throne—  
If she upon her bended knees,  
Our loved and our purest one,  
She, with a face so clear and bright  
We deem her some stray child of light—  
If she, with those soft eyes in tears,  
Day after day to her young years,  
Must kneel and pray for grace from thee,  
What far, far deeper need have we!  
How hardly, if she win not heaven,  
Will our wild errors be forgiven!

We give below a Scottish Song, written some years since, by the celebrated Allan Cunningham, and published with his name. It is a beautiful description of a Love, based upon and confiding in the protecting power of God, for which the Scottish poetry is so remarkable, and which is so well conveyed by its singular idiom. An air of direct and natural feeling runs through it (as it does through many of the simple pieces of Burns) which addresses itself at once to the feelings of every one, and though not clothed in the form of speech, is at all times acknowledged as the true language of the heart. [N. E. Galaxy.]

Thou hast waded by thy faith, my Jeanie,  
By that pretty white hand of thine,  
And by all the lowering stars of heaven,  
That thou hadst my love;  
And I have sworn by the faith, my Jeanie,  
And by that kind heart of thine,  
By all the stars so thick o'er heaven,  
That thou shalt be mine.

Fool's the hand that would loose its hand,  
And the heart that would part its love;  
But there is a hand can loose the hand,  
And there is a power that can sever the love.  
Though the tree were deep in my field,  
And my clothing 'e'en so mean,  
I should lay up rich in the folds of love,  
Heaven's a'round of my Jeanie.

Thy white arm was a pillow to me,  
Far softer than the down;  
And love was woven o'er us his kind wings,  
And love was woven o'er us his kind wings,  
Come here to me, thou lass whom I love,  
Come here and kneel with me;  
The morning is full of the presence of God,  
And the sun is shining on me.

The wind is sweet among the new flowers,  
The wee birds sing soft on the tree,  
And the sun is shining on me,  
And the sun is shining on me,  
And the sun is shining on me,  
And the sun is shining on me,  
And the sun is shining on me,  
And the sun is shining on me.

When I first saw my wife, who was  
thirteen years old, and I was within  
a month of twenty-one. She was the  
daughter of a sergeant of artillery, and  
I was the sergeant major of a regiment  
of foot, both stationed in forts near  
the city of St. Johns, in the province  
of New Brunswick. I sat in the room  
with her, for about an hour, in com-  
pany with others, and I made up my  
mind that she was the very girl for me.

That I thought her beautiful is certain,  
for that I had always said should be  
an indispensable qualification; but I  
saw in her what I deemed marks of  
that sobriety of conduct of which I  
have said so much, and which has been  
by far the greatest blessing of my life.

It was now dead of winter, and of  
course, the snow several feet deep on  
the ground, and the weather piercing  
cold. It was my habit when I was  
done my morning's writing, to go out  
at break of day to take a walk on a  
hill at the foot of which our barracks  
lay. In about three mornings after I  
had first seen her, I had, by invitation  
to breakfast with me, got up two young  
men to join me in my walk; and our  
road lay by the house of her father and  
mother. It was hardly light, but she  
was out on the snow scrubbing out a  
washing tub. "That is the girl for me,"  
said I, when we got out of her  
hearing. One of these young men  
came to England soon afterwards; and  
he who keeps an inn in Yorkshire,  
came over to Preston at the time of the  
election, to verify, whether I was the  
same man. When he found I was, he  
appeared surprised; but what was his  
surprise, when I told him that these  
two young men whom he saw around  
me, were the sons of that pretty little  
girl that he and I saw scrubbing out  
the washing tub on the snow in New  
Brunswick in the morning.

From the day that I first spoke to  
her I never had a thought of her being  
the wife of another man, more than I  
had of her being transformed into a

chest of drawers; and I formed my  
resolution at once, to marry her as  
soon as I could get permission, and to  
get out of the army as soon as I could.  
So that this matter was at once settled,  
as firmly as if written in the book  
of fate. At the end of about six months,  
my regiment, and I along with it, were  
removed to Newcastle, a distance of  
about one hundred miles up the  
River St. John; and which was worse,  
the artillery was expected to go off to  
England a year or two before our re-  
giment.

The artillery went, and she along  
with them; and now it was that I acted  
a part becoming a real sensible  
lover. I was aware that when she got  
to that gay place, Woolwich, the house  
of her father and mother, necessarily  
visited by numerous persons not the  
most select, might become unpleasant  
to her; and I did not like, besides,  
that she should continue to work hard.  
I had saved a hundred and fifty guineas,  
the earnings of my early hours,  
in writing for the paymaster, the quar-  
termaster, and others, in addition to  
the savings of my own pay. I sent  
her all the money, before she sailed, and  
wrote her to beg of her, if she found  
her home uncomfortable, to hire a lodg-  
ing, with respectable people, and at  
any rate, not to spare the money, by  
any means, but to buy herself good  
clothes and to live without work, until  
I arrived in England; and in order to  
induce her to lay out the money, I told  
her that I should get plenty more be-  
fore I came home.

"As the malignity of the devil would  
have it, we were kept abroad two  
years longer than our time; Mr. Pitt  
(England not being so tame as she is  
now) having knocked up a duet with  
Spain about Nootka Sound. Oh how I  
curse Nootka Sound, and poor Pitt,  
too; I am afraid! At the end of four  
years, however, home I came—banded  
at Portsmouth, and got my discharge  
from the army by the great kindness  
of poor Lord Edward-Fitzgerald, who  
was then Major of my regiment. I  
found my little girl a servant of all  
work (and hard work it was), at five  
pounds a year, in the house of Captain  
Brisac; and with hardly saying a word  
about the matter, she put into my  
hands the whole of my hundred and  
fifty guineas, unbroken!

"Need I tell the reader what my  
feelings were? Need I tell kind heart-  
ed English parents what this anecdote  
of our children. Need I attempt to de-  
scribe what effect this example ought  
to have made on every young woman  
who should do me the honor to read  
this book? Admiration of her conduct,  
and self gratulation on this indubitable  
proof of the soundness of my own  
judgment, were now added to my love  
of her beautiful person.

"Now, I do not say that there are  
not many young women of this country,  
who would, under similar circum-  
stances, have acted as my wife did; or  
the contrary, I do hope and believe, that  
there are. But when her age is con-  
sidered—when we reflect that she was  
living in a place crowded, literally  
crowded, with gaily dressed and hand-  
some young men, many of them really  
richer and in higher rank than I was,  
and scores of them ready to offer her  
their hand—when we reflect that she  
was living amongst young women who  
put upon their backs every shilling  
they could come at—when we see her  
keeping the bag of gold untouched, and  
working hard to provide herself with  
but mere necessary articles of clothing,  
and doing this while passing from  
fourteen to eighteen years of age—  
when we view the whole of these cir-  
cumstances, we must say that here is  
an example which, while it reflects  
honor on her sex, ought to have weight  
with every young woman whose eyes  
or ears this relation should reach."

### COBBET'S WIFE.

In Cobbet's "Advice to Young Men," recently published, under the interesting name of advice to a lover, he delivers the following "sound unvarnished tale" of his own "whole course of love." It is quite a romantic affair, and strikingly characterized with the indispensible ingredients to every genuine tale of the tender passion of love at first sight, and constancy during absence, and under temptation.

Our fair readers will please observe that more important consequences sometimes attend the scrubbing out of a wash tub, than many people may imagine.

"When I first saw my wife, who was thirteen years old, and I was within a month of twenty-one. She was the daughter of a sergeant of artillery, and I was the sergeant major of a regiment of foot, both stationed in forts near the city of St. Johns, in the province of New Brunswick. I sat in the room with her, for about an hour, in company with others, and I made up my mind that she was the very girl for me.

That I thought her beautiful is certain, for that I had always said should be an indispensable qualification; but I saw in her what I deemed marks of that sobriety of conduct of which I have said so much, and which has been by far the greatest blessing of my life.

It was now dead of winter, and of course, the snow several feet deep on the ground, and the weather piercing cold. It was my habit when I was done my morning's writing, to go out at break of day to take a walk on a hill at the foot of which our barracks lay. In about three mornings after I had first seen her, I had, by invitation to breakfast with me, got up two young men to join me in my walk; and our road lay by the house of her father and mother. It was hardly light, but she was out on the snow scrubbing out a washing tub. "That is the girl for me," said I, when we got out of her hearing. One of these young men came to England soon afterwards; and he who keeps an inn in Yorkshire, came over to Preston at the time of the election, to verify, whether I was the same man. When he found I was, he appeared surprised; but what was his surprise, when I told him that these two young men whom he saw around me, were the sons of that pretty little girl that he and I saw scrubbing out the washing tub on the snow in New Brunswick in the morning.

From the day that I first spoke to her I never had a thought of her being the wife of another man, more than I had of her being transformed into a

chest of drawers; and I formed my resolution at once, to marry her as soon as I could get permission, and to get out of the army as soon as I could. So that this matter was at once settled, as firmly as if written in the book of fate. At the end of about six months, my regiment, and I along with it, were removed to Newcastle, a distance of about one hundred miles up the River St. John; and which was worse, the artillery was expected to go off to England a year or two before our regiment.

three remaining children. The following year her only brother also died, on his return home after a long absence and when the property of the father, was about to be divided.

In 1817, the widow entered into a second marriage, with a Mr. Gottfried, with whom she by her own confession, during the life of her first husband. Some days after the marriage, Gottfried died suddenly. Six years elapsed, and she was on the point of marrying a Mr. Zimmerman, when he was attacked by a severe illness and died.

In 1820, Mrs. Gottfried sold her house to a Mr. Rumpf, a cartwright, retaining, however, one apartment in it for her own use. Some months expired, and the wife of Rumpf died in child-bed, when the widow Gottfried took charge of the household of Rumpf. He was attacked from time to time with violent vomitings. On the 6th of March, 1828, he perceived that a piece of bacon which had been cooked by the widow Gottfried, was covered with some strange substance. He caused it to be examined by his physician, and the widow Gottfried was apprehended.

The police then received considerable information from different persons in relation to the conduct of this woman. It was proved on the trial, and she confessed, that she had given arsenic to a number of persons, fifteen of whom died in consequence, and seventeen others survived. On the trial, circumstances came out which justified a belief that she had given poison to other individuals, to whom it had not been fatal. In consequence of the number of murders proved against her, it was, however, thought unnecessary to go into an investigation of these cases.

The woman confessed that she was induced by motives of interest to commit some of these murders, but as to others, she could only attribute her conduct to an irresistible desire to give poison and to see her victims perish. The counsel, in her defence, endeavored to avail himself of this latter declaration that she was laboring under monomania, and in consequence, that there was no criminal intention. Medical men who were examined on the trial, declared that they could discover in her no physical cause, which could give rise to such a monomania, and this defence in consequence did not succeed. The following is the judgment given by the criminal court of Bremen on the 17th September, 1830.

In the trial held on Marguerite Tim, widow of the late Michael Christopher Gottfried, accused of poisoning and of other crimes, the Court declares the widow Gottfried, (who has besides committed sundry thefts, acts of swindling and perjury, as well as attempted to cause abortion;) convicted and guilty—

1st. Of having assassinated, by means of poison, her father and mother, her three children, her first and second husband, her brother, her betrothed, Paul Thomas Zimmerman, Mrs. Anne Louisa Meyerholz, Mrs. John Moeses, the wife of the cartwright, John Christopher Rumpf, the wife of the cooper Frederick Schmidt, and lastly, the wife of the locksmith, Frederick Kleins, at Hanover, as also of having besides caused the death by poison of Miss Eliza Schmidt, daughter of the said Frederick Schmidt, which last act, however, was not premeditated.

2d. Of having administered poison to the said John Christopher Rumpf, at divorce times, with the intention of killing him, after having by the same means destroyed his health.

3d. Of having administered poison to a great number of other individuals, with premeditation, but without intention to kill them, though it proved extremely pernicious to the health of these individuals.

In consequence, and conformably to the 130th article of the criminal code, the Court condemns the widow Gottfried for the crimes she has committed; and as a useful warning to those who might be tempted to imitate her, to have her head cut off with the sword, and that the expenses of trial, judgment and execution, shall be defrayed from the property of the condemned.

The execution of the widow Gottfried took place the 21st April, 1831, on the Cathedral Square, at Bremen. The Protestant clergyman who had attended her during her imprisonment, only quitted her at the last moment. Her hair was cut off, and she was then clad in a white under dress, decorated with black ribbons; a white cap with the same colored ribbons was placed on her head. She showed the utmost resignation, and entered the fatal cart, which passed through a number of streets, with the greatest coolness; but

when she reached the foot of the scaffold, she had hardly strength to descend from the cart. An officer of justice here again read her sentence, and she was then placed in an arm-chair and died. She begged the executioner to cause her as little suffering as possible. He performed the duty with the greatest humanity, and paraded her head from her body. There were more than 35,000 spectators to witness the execution. [New York Courier.]

### THE RATTLE SNAKE.

MILTON, (N. C.) NOV. 23.  
Melancholy Occurrence.—Most of our readers have doubtless seen the account published in our paper of the 2d inst. of a Rattle Snake in the keeping of Mr. John H. Bobbit, at Person court house. During the last week, the editor of this paper, in company with several respectable gentlemen attending Person Superior Court, visited on Tuesday morning, the house occupied by Mr. B. for the purpose of seeing what was to us a natural curiosity. Mr. Bobbit, willing to gratify us, took the reptile out of the cage with his hand and held it by the neck. On account of the approach of cold weather, it had almost arrived at its torpid state and appeared quite docile, which to its keeper was mistaken for tameness. After having been cautioned by one of the company of the danger to which he was exposing himself, we left him. In the evening, standing not far from the shop of Mr. Bobbit, the editor was informed that the snake had bitten its keeper; in a few minutes we went to Mr. B.'s shop, and found him in great agony. This was near sunset—before midnight, Mr. B. was a corpse.

We are indebted to one of the attending physicians for the following particulars of this melancholy affair:—"The deceased was not bitten by the snake as was at first supposed by those who were not present. He told our informant, at the time when his mouth and tongue were so much swollen that he could scarcely articulate, 'that the snake did not do it intentionally, but that he was present'—

say that Mr. Bobbit had the snake out showing it to them, holding it in his left hand, rather loosely; that by an effort of the snake to draw his head back, one of its fangs came in contact with one of Mr. B.'s fore fingers, about half an inch below the upper joint; he dropped the snake, but immediately commenced sucking the wound. A physician was called in and saw the deceased in three minutes after the accident; his eyes were then red—his lips swollen and quivering. He said he should die, and was in the act of falling, when he was assisted to bed. In ten minutes afterwards, every muscle in the system appeared affected with a twitching, which continued until he died. Vomiting commenced in ten minutes after the accident, and continued for an hour. No pulse was discovered after thirty minutes from the time the occurrence took place. He appeared to be sensible of all that was passing until about two hours before his death, at which time his breathing became more difficult, which continued to increase until he breathed his last. He died in six and a half hours from the time the poisonous fang entered his flesh—a melancholy instance of human folly.

### Crime and its consequences.

A young man attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a pen-knife, at Pritner's hotel, in Cherry street above Sixth, on Thursday morning, the 24th ult. The circumstances of the case, as far as we could learn them, were these: The young man, named George W. Brannan, had been entrusted with a sum of money, which he was to carry to Worcester from a neighboring town in Massachusetts. Instead of discharging the trust, he absconded and came south. He arrived in this city on Wednesday evening; early on Thursday morning he went down to the wharf to take passage for Baltimore; the steambot had left a few minutes before his arrival. On returning, he met in Second street, the gentleman whom he had defrauded of the money, with a sheriff, who had accompanied him from Massachusetts. They went with him to the hotel in Cherry street, and the miserable young man promised to restore the money to its owner; for which purpose they both went into the chamber where the servant had conveyed the trunk, which Brannan unlocked, and seizing a pen-knife, cut his throat. The gentleman threw his arms around him to prevent further mischief, and called for help. The young man was conveyed to the hospital, where it is believed, he may recover—and that is the result of his crime—perhaps his first crime.

### MORAL.

Ninety Years.—Ninety years hence not a single man or woman now twenty years of age, will be alive. Ninety years? Alas! how many of the lively actors at present on the stage of life, will make their exit long ere ninety years have passed over their heads. Ninety years, what are they? A tale that is told; a dream; an empty sound that passeth on the wings of the wind away, and is forgotten. Years shorten as man advances in age; like the degrees in longitude, a man's life declines as he travels towards the frozen pole, until it dwindles to a point and vanishes forever. Is it possible that life is of so short duration? Will ninety years erase all the golden names over the doors in town and country, and substitute others in their stead? Will all the now blooming beauties fade and disappear; all the pride and passion, the love, hope, and joy, pass away, in ninety years, and be forgotten? "Ninety years!" (says Death.) "Do you think I shall wait ninety years? Behold—to-day, and to-morrow, and every one, is mine. When ninety years are past, this generation will have mingled with the dust, and be remembered not."

### Human Mortality.

It is generally supposed that this earth is inhabited by one thousand millions of men, or thereabouts, and that thirty-three years make a generation; and therefore, that in thirty-three years there die one thousand millions. Thus the number of those who die on earth, amount to—  
Each year, thirty millions;  
Each hour, three thousand four hundred;  
Each minute, sixty;  
Each second, one.

This calculation must necessarily strike us: If the mortality be so great every year and every hour, is it not probable that he who reflects on it may himself be one of those soon to swell the list of the dead. It is at least certain, that it ought to lead us to think seriously and often on this subject.

### Pass the Blade.

On the Sunday morning before going to church, what a dressing there is among all classes, and what a stir to appear gay and pleasing! Is it quite sufficient for the great purposes of our existence to wash the outside of the platter? Curly may be arranged, fine tortoise shell splendid garments displayed, and yet perhaps the gay fair one's mind may be poisoned with conceit, troubled with rivalry, and kept on the torture by ignorance and vanity. Windsor soap does not wash out the stains of the heart; Cologne water cannot throw a fragrance over an impure mind; nor will all the rubies of Golconda dazzle the recording angel into a forgetfulness of filling up the leaves of the book of retribution.

### EXTRACT.

The following is from an address delivered by Judge Story, on the opening of the Mount Auburn Burying Ground, in Cambridge, Mass.—The address has been published by Messrs. J. T. & E. Buckingham, of Boston.

What is the grave to us, but a thin barrier, dividing Time from Eternity, and Earth from Heaven? What is it but the appointed place of rendezvous, where all the travellers on life's journey meet for a single night of repose—  
"Tis but a night—a long and moonless night,  
We make the grave our bed, and then we go!"  
Know we not.

Why, then, should we darken with systematic caution all the avenues to these repositories? Why should we deposit the remains of our friends in lifeless vaults, or beneath the crypts and cells of our churches, where the human foot is never heard, save when the sickly taper lights some new guest to his appointed apartment, and "lets fall a supernumerary horror" on the passing procession? Why should we measure out a narrow portion of earth for our grave yards, in the midst of our cities, and heap the dead upon each other, with a cold calculating parsimony, disturbing their ashes, and wounding the sensibilities of the living? Why should we expose our burying grounds to the broad glare of day, to the unfeeling gaze of the idler, to the noisy press of business, to the discordant shouts of merriment, or to the baleful visitations of the dissolute? Why should we bar up their approaches against real mourners, whose delicacy would shrink from observation; but whose tenderness would be soothed by secret visits to the grave, and holding converse there with their departed joys? Why all this unnatural restraint upon our sympathies and sorrows.

which confines the visit to the grave to the only time in which it must be utterly useless—when the heart is bleeding with fresh anguish, and is too weak to feel, and too desolate to desire consolation?

Progress of Political Opinions.—The following is a translation of a beautiful poem, which the reader of Pope's beautiful comedy, "The Dunciad," will not fail to remember.

Vice is a monster of so frightful mien,  
As, to be hated, needs but to be seen;  
Yet, seen too oft, familiar with her face,  
We first endure, then pity, then embrace.

Of all the lessons given by the human passions, there is one especially on which the moralist must insist with force! I mean the impossibility which the most honorable men will ever experience of stopping, if once their passions draw them into the path of error. Surely, if a few years before so many crimes were committed, they could have been pictured before the eyes of the most barbarous among their perpetrators, I fear not to say that all, even Robespierre himself, would have recoiled with horror. Men begin by caressing theories; heated imagination presents them as useful and easy of execution; they toil, they advance unconsciously from errors to faults, and from faults to crimes; till the contaminated mind corrupts sensibility, and adorns, by the name of state policy, the most horrible outrages.

### ENTERTAINING.

A New Musical Instrument.—The following description of a newly invented Piano Forte is given in a late number of the Glasgow Courier. The inventor appears to be an Irishman, of great natural parts, and possessing withal an accurate knowledge of the chromatic scale. Wishing to enjoy, says the Courier, a little music on an evening after work, he got a box of the general appearance, but deeper and broader than an ordinary piano, and bored a row of holes from one end to the other. Into this box 6 or 7 wine are placed, (but there may be more) of different ages, from the sucking pig to the gruff bear, according to the notes.

Each inmate are then drawn through the holes in the box, and the lid closed, so that half a dozen tails hang outside. Whenever Paddy wishes to play, he twitches each tail rapidly & successively, and the music begins and lasts as long as he likes. When tired, he just liberates the musicians at the neck time, and the strings vibrate and when the twitching is smartly and skilfully done, the music is not a whit behind the mixture of bands at the late "Physical Demonstration." The instrument is called a Hogomoggy.

Tough.—A writer in a St. Clairsville, Ohio, paper tells the following story in every word true:—"In Nov. 1825, I was living in Harrison county, Ohio; I killed a small hog and dressed it on the face of a large red oak stump. In the March following, I observed most of the bristles left on the stump from dressing the hog, to be sticking into the wood underneath—and on pulling them out, I found to each bristle two or three roots from 1 to 2 of an inch long, having actually commenced a vegetable growth."

The writer of this curious piece of natural history must be the same man of whom it is told that on a certain time, when slaughtering a hog in the woods, he lost his jack-knife among the dried leaves; and in the following summer happening to pass the same place, he was surprised to see a large bush covered with jack-knives which hung suspended from the stems like fruit.

### Life against Living.

A young clergyman, who found it impossible to provide for his family, with his very slender income, wrote to his friend, "Dear Frank, I must part with my living to save my life."

A true taper.—When Quin, the actor, first saw Westminster bridge, he exclaimed, "O that my mouth were the centre arch, while the stream ran clear!"

### CROSS READINGS.

Was drowned last week in the Delaware river—50 barrels of fresh shad and herring.

One thousand head of cattle passed through this place on Saturday last, for Vermont—all Anti-Masons.











WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C. D. HOLLY, Jr. has just received a neat assortment of Watches, Jewelry, and Fancy Articles...

At the New Concern! WE have just received, One hundred bushels ground allum Salt, One hundred bushels ground Alum, and a few barrels of Mackerel...

New Establishment. THE undersigned has removed to the corner of the citizens of Harpers Ferry, and the public generally, that he has opened a Splendid and General Supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS...

THOMAS C. LANE & CO. RESPECTFULLY solicit the attention of their friends and the public generally to a Large and Splendid Assortment of New and Fashionable DRY GOODS...

Carpeting. I HAVE a good assortment of Brussels, Ingrain, Domestic and Sax Carpeting, all of which will be sold very cheap...

Bolivar New Store. THE subscriber is now receiving and opening at his Drug Store, an extensive and well-selected stock of DRY GOODS, ENTIRELY NEW...

Fresh Drugs and Medicines. Which makes his assortment very complete. Surgical Instruments, Thermometers, &c. Country produce taken in exchange...

Fall and Winter Goods. SUPER black, blue, and fancy colored Cloths, Medium black, blue, and fancy colored Cloths, Cassimeres and Cassinets...

S. MARMADUKE & CO. HAVE the pleasure of informing their friends and the public, that they have just returned from the Eastern Markets, with a handsome supply of New and Seasonable Goods...

Liquors. ON hand, a general assortment of Liquors: Old Cognac Brandy, do. Jamaica Spirit, do. Holland Gin, N. E. Rum, St. Croix do. Madeira, Cherry, &c. WINE, Malaga and Port...

100 BUSHELS for sale by WM. CLEVELAND. Charlestown, Nov. 17, 1831.

NEW AND ELEGANT FALL & WINTER GOODS. JOHN J. FRAME has just received and is now opening an extensive and beautiful assortment of Seasonable Goods...

GROCERIES. JUST received, an extensive supply of Brown, loaf and lump Sugars, Java, Porto Rico, and St. Domingo Coffee, Imperial and Y. H. Tea...

W. ANDERSON. I have received a splendid assortment of GOODS, embracing almost every article suitable to the present and approaching season...

W. & S. B. ANDERSON have for sale about 4000 pounds BACON, warranted prime, embracing the whole hog...

New Goods. WE have just received, and are now opening a large and splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, Carefully selected and purchased for cash...

New and Seasonable Goods. THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they have removed to the new house on the corner of Shenandoah and Potomac streets...

New Fall Goods. THE subscribers are now receiving and opening a splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising almost every article now in use...

WANTED. 10,000 BUSHELS RYE, 10,000 BUSHELS CORN, And any quantity of WHEAT...

A REQUEST. ALL price tickets sold by us, in either the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th or 5th class of the Virginia Free-Road Lottery, we wish presented immediately for payment...

TICKETS FOR SALE IN THE 5TH CLASS. Virginia Free-Road Lottery. CAPITAL PRIZE \$10,000. Lowest Prize \$1000. Tickets \$4. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

VINEGAR. ON hand a large supply of superior pickling Vinegar. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

WHEAT. I WILL give the highest market price, in cash, for Twenty Thousand Bushels of merchantable WHEAT, delivered in the Hopewell Mills. JAMES HITE. Oct. 6, 1831.

FALL GOODS. I AM now receiving a handsome supply of FALL GOODS, which will be sold cheap. WM. CLEVELAND. Charlestown, Sept. 29, 1831.

BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS. THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of their friends and the public, to a very extensive assortment of Shoes now on hand...

Filled and Plaid Linseys. WE have on hand a large stock of filled and plaid LINSEYS, manufactured in Martinsburg, which we will sell cheap, by the piece or yard. W. N. RIDDLE & CO. Charlestown, Nov. 17, 1831.

SALT. 100 BUSHELS for sale by WM. CLEVELAND. Charlestown, Nov. 17, 1831.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE. PUBLIC NOTICE. THE LIST OF LANDS west of the Allegheny Mountains, which have been returned as delinquent for the year 1830, and which have not been prepared, published, and extensively distributed...

W. Anderson & Co. RESPECTFULLY returns thanks to the liberal assurances extended to them, and the public generally, that he is now receiving from the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, a large and general supply of Fall and Winter Goods...

THOMAS C. LANE & CO. have just received from the Southampton Furnace, (Pa.) a large and handsome supply of Cooking, Stove, and Close SMOOKERS, ironed and finished in the best and most durable manner...

PROPOSALS. To publish a Monthly Literary and Political Magazine, to be entitled AMERICAN ANNALS, And Repository of Politics, Science, and Literature.

NEW GOODS. SHEET IRON, STEEL PIPE, SHEET IRON, STEEL, &c. THE subscribers offer a few templates Stoves, remarkably low. Also on hand, a large assortment of Tin-Ware, Dripping Pans, &c. NAILS—3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, and 20d, Spikes, fencing Nails, Flooring and case Brads, A general supply of Hinges and Screws...

OILS, PAINTS, &c. STEAM, Linseed, and Fish Oil, White Lead, in oil, do. dry Red Lead—Venetian, do. Spanish Brown, do. Whiting, Copal and Japan Varnish, Verdigris—Crom, Yellow, do. Green, Prussian Blue, Vermilion, Paint Brushes, &c. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

WANTED. As an Assistant in a Country Retail Store, A YOUNG MAN who can be well recommended to keep a general store and account. To such an one, a fair salary will be given. Address C. W. (post paid) care of the Editor of this paper. Charlestown, Nov. 3, 1831.

Charlestown Library. ONE year's contribution, amounting to \$3 on each share, is now due. In addition to this, several subscribers are in arrears for contributions of the previous year...

\$100 REWARD. RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 31st of October last, a Negro Man named ISAAC, about 20 years old. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, a square-built well set fellow, with a complexion very full face, and down look when spoken to...

ESTRAY COW. STRAYED from the subscriber, living at Harpers-Ferry, sometime the latter part of May or the first of June last, a small black and white spotted COW, No particular mark except a little white on her bag. A reward of Four Dollars will be given for her recovery. WM. SMALLWOOD. Dec. 1, 1831.

DISSOLUTION. THE partnership of Strider & Fainstock being this day dissolved by mutual consent, persons having claims against them will call on Henry Strider for payment; and those indebted to them will pay to him, as he is to close the concern. Long indulgence cannot be given. ALFRED FAHNESTOCK, HENRY STRIDER. Nov. 5, 1831. [10-31]

REMOVAL. THE store of the undersigned has been removed, for a short time, to the store room lately occupied by Mr. N. Buckmaster, where the public can be accommodated, as usual, with Goods of every description, on good terms. WM. CLEVELAND. Oct. 13, 1831.

FALL GOODS. HUMPHREY KEYES is now opening a large stock of FALL GOODS. Charlestown, Oct. 20, 1831.

CENTRAL HOTEL, CHARLESTOWN. THE undersigned has taken this well known stand, lately occupied by Capt. E. Edmonds, and is ready to accommodate his friends and the public. He will endeavor, by every attention in his power, to render his house an agreeable place of resort to those who may become his guests. His charges will be moderate, and his fare the best the markets will afford. WM. LITTLE. Nov. 17, 1831.

CASH FOR NEGROES. WE wish to purchase ONE HUNDRED NEGROES of both sexes from 12 to 25 years of age. Also, mechanics of every description. Apply at John Buckmaster's tavern. Any letters addressed to us at this place will meet prompt attention. S. C. FRANKLIN, E. P. LEGG. Charlestown, June 16, 1831.

CASH FOR WHEAT. THE undersigned is authorized to purchase from one to ten thousand bushels of Wheat, for which the highest price in cash will be given. He will also make liberal advances to those who prefer grinding. Apply to WM. CLEVELAND. Charlestown, July 28.

New Goods! New Goods!! GEORGE W. HAMMOND respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he is now receiving from the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, a large and general supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which he would solicit their attention. Charlestown, Oct. 13, 1831.

NOTICE. WILLIAM ANDERSON respectfully requests all persons indebted to him, or to any persons having claims against him, will please present them for payment. Harpers-Ferry, High-Street, Oct. 20, 1831.

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NEW GOODS, AT KABLE'S MILLS. THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they have formed a Co-Partnership with S. H. MARMADUKE, and that the business in future will be conducted under the name and firm of MARMADUKE & CO. who are authorized to receipt and receive all orders for the late firm of J. Mear & Co. RUSSELL & FITZSIMMONS. Oct. 27, 1831.

WANTED. As an Assistant in a Country Retail Store, A YOUNG MAN who can be well recommended to keep a general store and account. To such an one, a fair salary will be given. Address C. W. (post paid) care of the Editor of this paper. Charlestown, Nov. 3, 1831.

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CASH FOR NEGROES. WE wish to purchase ONE HUNDRED NEGROES of both sexes from 12 to 25 years of age. Also, mechanics of every description. Apply at John Buckmaster's tavern. Any letters addressed to us at this place will meet prompt attention. S. C. FRANKLIN, E. P. LEGG. Charlestown, June 16, 1831.

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VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: PLAINTIFF, George Enley, AGAINST FACHE Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doorn Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased. DEFENDANTS.

IN CHANCERY. THE defendants, Philip Grove and William Mayweg, and given security according to the act of assembly, and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Nov. 10, 1831.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: PLAINTIFF, Elizabeth Alstadt, widow of Jacob Alstadt, dec'd, and John H. Alstadt and Harriet E. Alstadt, infant children and heirs of said Jacob Alstadt, dec'd, by said Elizabeth their mother and next friend, plaintiffs, AGAINST Jesse Moore and John Hinkle, John Mohler, Rawleigh Mohler, George Mohler, Daniel Mohler and Nancy his wife, and Henry Mohler and Harriet his wife, heirs of John Mohler, dec'd; Stephen Delgarn and Barbara his wife, late Barbara Alstadt, widow of Daniel Alstadt, dec'd, and Jacob Alstadt, Elizabeth Alstadt, and Daniel Alstadt, infant children and heirs of said Daniel Alstadt, dec'd; Sarah Moore, late Sarah Alstadt, only child and heir of Jacob Alstadt, dec'd, and Colin Auld, defendants. THE defendants, Jesse Moore, Rawleigh Mohler, and Colin Auld, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Nov. 10, 1831.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: PLAINTIFF, Michael K. Hartman, AGAINST THE defendant, not having entered according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Oct. 30, 1831.

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VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: PLAINTIFFS, Edmund I. Lee, Jr. in his next friend, AGAINST William Herbert, William Dillow, Jr. John A. Washington and Bushrod C. Washington, DEFENDANTS. THE defendant, William Herbert, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Nov. 10, 1831.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: PLAINTIFFS, Margaret Gummer, widow and relict of Christian Gummer, dec'd, John T. Cookus, and Daniel Boyers, plaintiffs, AGAINST Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Isler and Charlotte his wife, Abram Isler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, Christian Gummer, Sarah Bedinger, administratrix with the will annexed of Daniel Bedinger, dec'd, and Carver Willis, Sheriff of Jefferson County, to whom was committed the administration of the estate of John Gummer, dec'd, defendants. THE defendants, Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Isler and Charlotte his wife, Abram Isler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, and Christian Gummer, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the amended bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Oct. 6, 1831.

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NOTICE. THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration upon the estate of the late Doctor LEE GAROZA, has authorized Mr. John R. Flagg to settle the accounts due to the estate. Mr. Flagg will receive the money from those who can conveniently pay, and it is hoped and believed that those who cannot pay at this time, will without hesitation close the accounts by giving their notes. TH. GRIGGS, Jr. Adm'r. Nov. 3, 1831.

NOTICE. THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration upon the estate of the late Doctor LEE GAROZA, has authorized Mr. John R. Flagg to settle the accounts due to the estate. Mr. Flagg will receive the money from those who can conveniently pay, and it is hoped and believed that those who cannot pay at this time, will without hesitation close the accounts by giving their notes. TH. GRIGGS, Jr. Adm'r. Nov. 3, 1831.

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VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: PLAINTIFF, George Enley, AGAINST FACHE Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doorn Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased. DEFENDANTS.

IN CHANCERY. THE defendant, Van Doorn Bennett, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Nov. 10, 1831.

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VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: PLAINTIFFS, John Moller, John Hinkle, & Cromwell Orrick, AGAINST James Ryan, and William Moore and William Coyle, sen'r, administrators of William Coyle, jun'r, dec'd, DEFENDANTS. THE defendant, William Coyle, sen'r, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant, do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Oct. 30, 1831.

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VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: PLAINTIFFS, Edmund I. Lee, Jr. in his next friend, AGAINST William Herbert, William Dillow, Jr. John A. Washington and Bushrod C. Washington, DEFENDANTS. THE defendant, William Herbert, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Nov. 10, 1831.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: PLAINTIFFS, Margaret Gummer, widow and relict of Christian Gummer, dec'd, John T. Cookus, and Daniel Boyers, plaintiffs, AGAINST Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Isler and Charlotte his wife, Abram Isler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, Christian Gummer, Sarah Bedinger, administratrix with the will annexed of Daniel Bedinger, dec'd, and Carver Willis, Sheriff of Jefferson County, to whom was committed the administration of the estate of John Gummer, dec'd, defendants. THE defendants, Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Isler and Charlotte his wife, Abram Isler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, and Christian Gummer, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the amended bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Oct. 6, 1831.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: PLAINTIFFS, Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Isler and Charlotte his wife, Abram Isler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, Christian Gummer, Sarah Bedinger, administratrix with the will annexed of Daniel Bedinger, dec'd, and Carver Willis, Sheriff of Jefferson County, to whom was committed the administration of the estate of John Gummer, dec'd, defendants. THE defendants, Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Isler and Charlotte his wife, Abram Isler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, and Christian Gummer, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the amended bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, c. c. Oct. 6, 1831.

NOTICE. THE subscriber having procured letters of Administration upon the estate of John A. Johnston, dec'd, informs the public that the Milling Business will be continued as usual until the first of August next, and all mill contracts made by said deceased, fulfilled. Being desirous to settle up the concerns of the estate, as speedily as possible, he would be obliged to those who are indebted to call and settle their accounts; and those having claims are invited to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. JOHN KABLE, Adm'r. Nov. 24, 1831.

A-STRAY BULL. STRAYED from the subscriber's farm, sometime in June last, a large WHITE BULL, with a black head and some black spots on his body—with short straight horns, and no ear mark. I will give a reward of three dollars to any person giving information of said Bull, so that I get him again, or five dollars if brought home to the subscriber, living near Smithfield, Jefferson County, Va. BENJAMIN B. WELSH. Nov. 24, 1831.—3t.

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